

Public lecture:

Building tomorrow's power system: The case for transmission



Melbourne
Energy
Institute

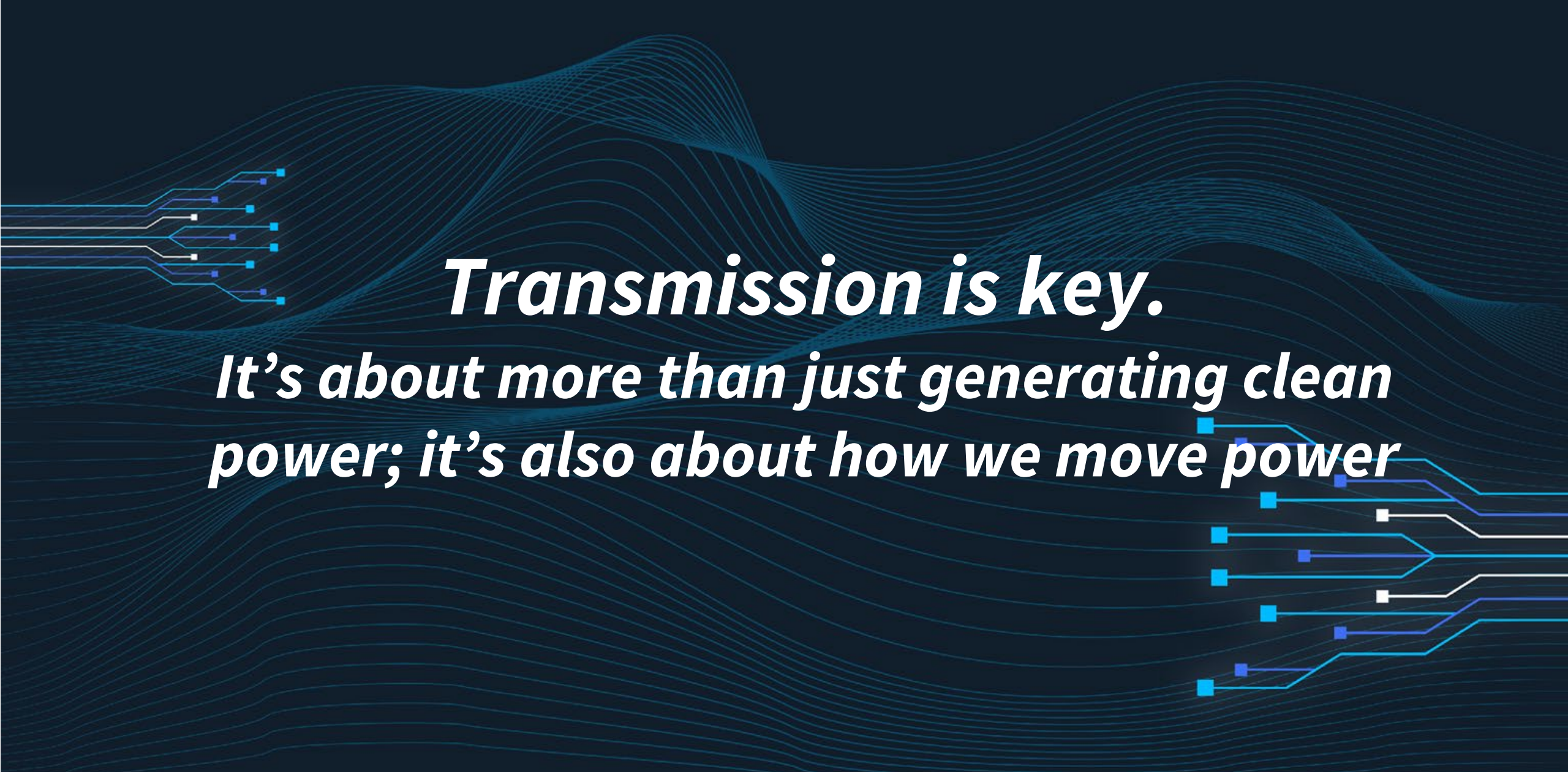


THE UNIVERSITY OF
MELBOURNE

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24 February 2025



Transmission is key.
It's about more than just generating clean power; it's also about how we move power

Building tomorrow's power system: the case for transmission

Sustainable Energy Systems Integration & Transitions

Madeleine McPherson

Principle investigator - Sustainable Energy System Integration and Transitions (SESIT) Group

Co-founder - Energy Modelling Hub

Associate Director - Institute for Integrated Energy Systems (IESVic)

Associate Professor – Civil Engineering, University of Victoria

Presentation Outline

The Energy Transition: this moment in time

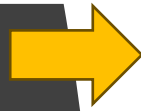
Transmission: making the case

Where we're at: international comparison

The benefits of transmission: modelling Canada

Moving the conversation forward

Presentation Outline



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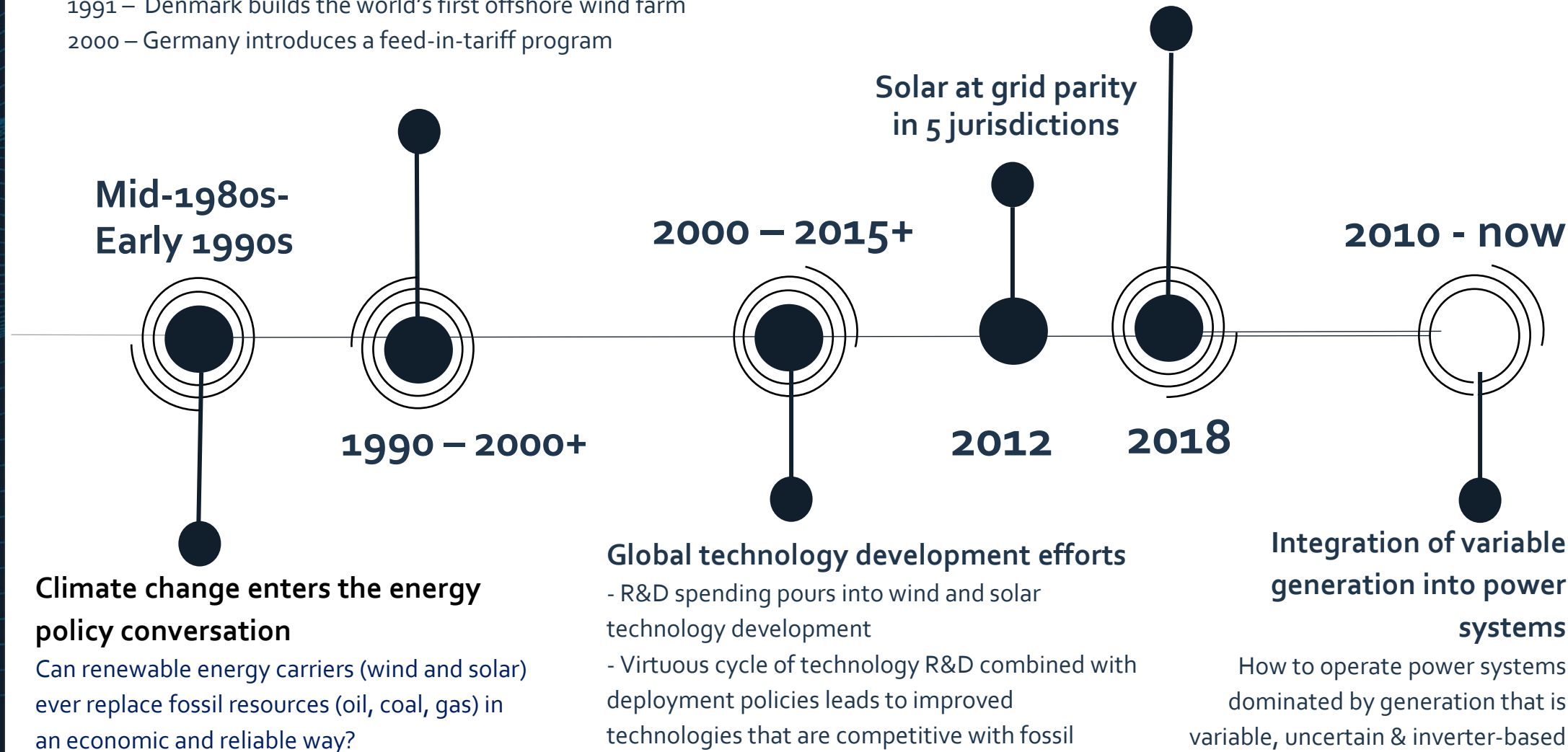
Wind and solar research & initial deployment policies

1980s – Denmark introduces a feed-in tariff program

1991 – Denmark builds the world's first offshore wind farm

2000 – Germany introduces a feed-in-tariff program

'Renewables are now considered a technologically mature, secure, cost-effective and environmentally-sustainable energy supply option'





**Variable
renewable energy
integration**

**Flexibility
Flexibility
Flexibility**

Temporal flexibility

Storage: shift power from when it is generated to when it is needed

Demand response: control when power is needed, especially from new loads that are controllable (electric vehicles, heat pumps)

Spatial flexibility

Transmission: move power from where it is generated to where it is needed



Transmission is a key enabler of the energy transition

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Access to better renewable resources

Access better quality renewable regions

- > reduce number of turbines
- > reduce costs

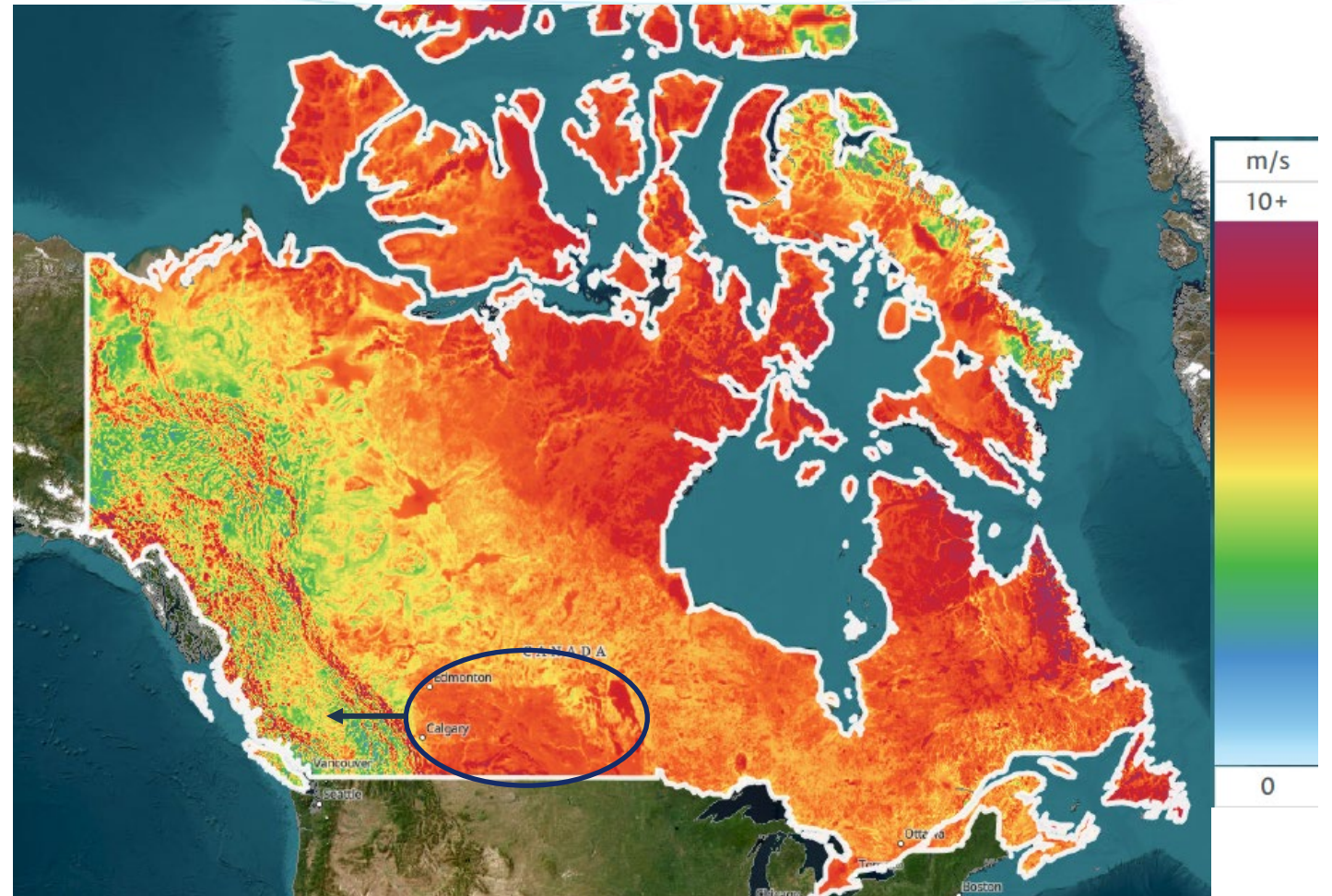
Wind deployment:

... in Alberta: ~35-40\$/MWh

....in BC: 90+ \$/MWh

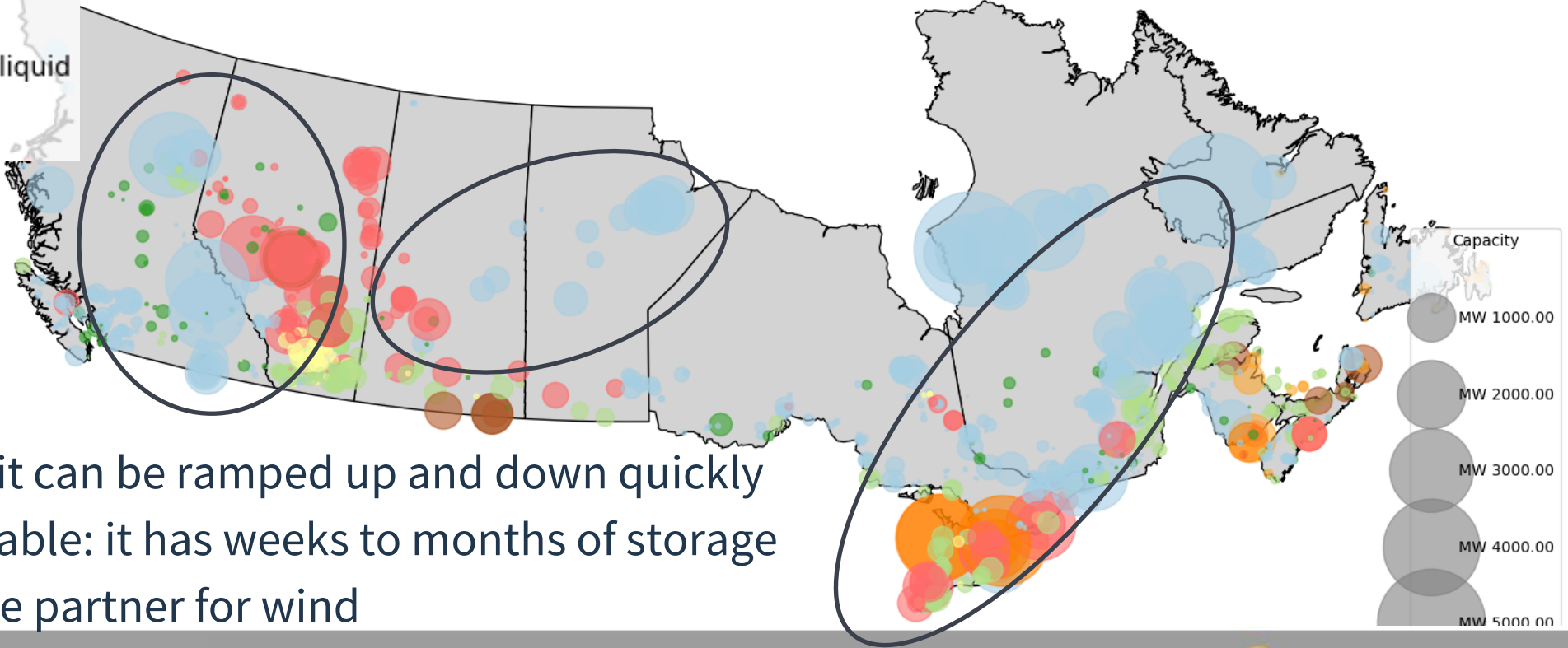
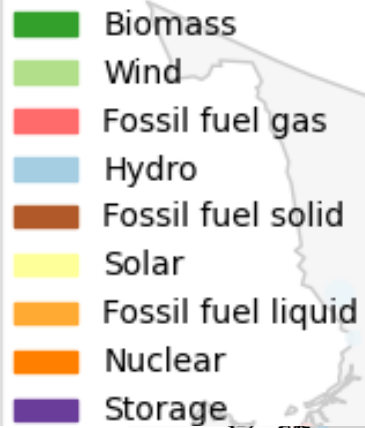
Import low-cost wind from Alberta to BC

Wind speed [m/s] at 100 m hub height



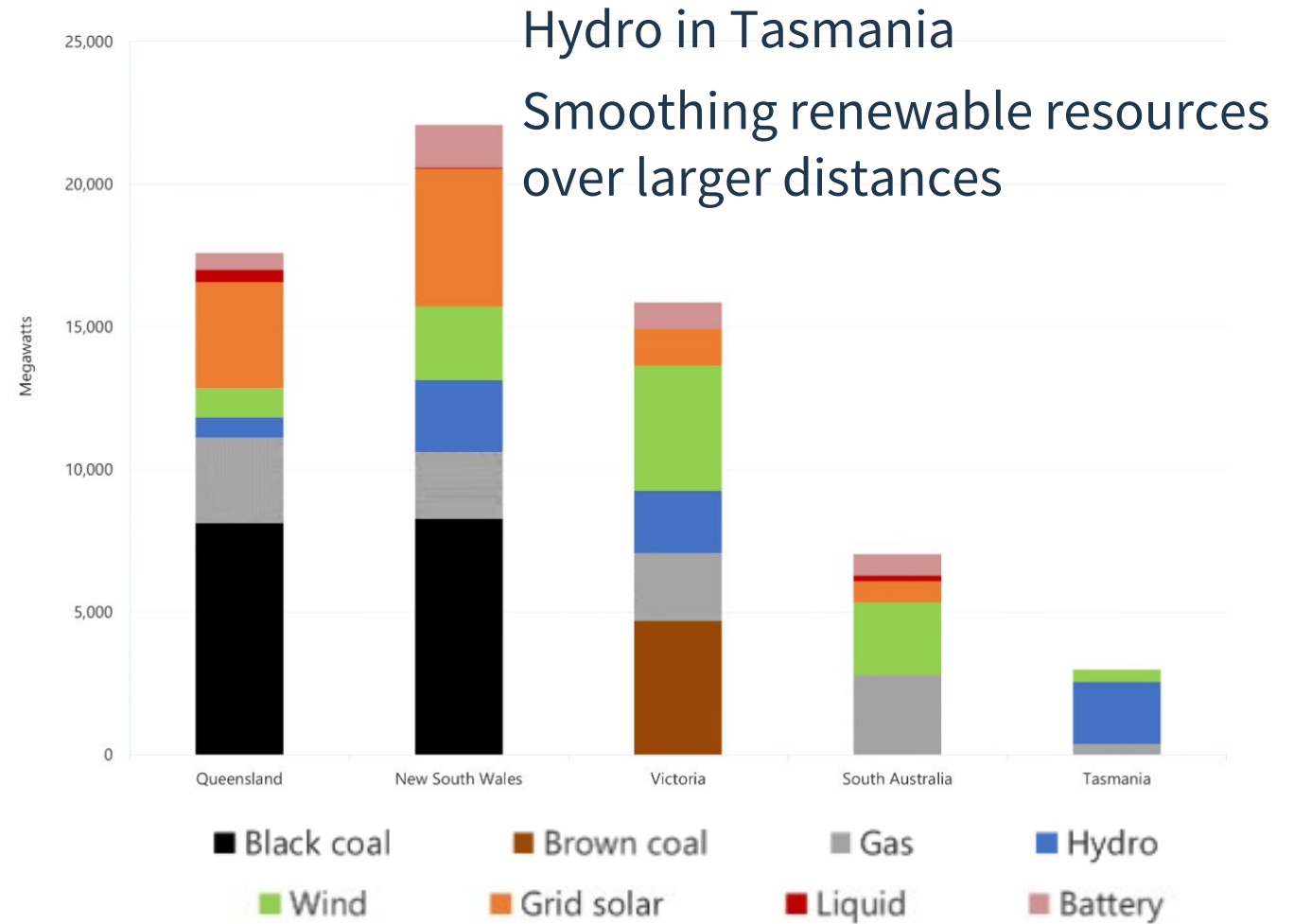
Pairing flexible hydro with variable wind in Canada

Provincial pairs: British Columbia and Alberta
Manitoba and Saskatchewan
Ontario and Quebec



Hydro – flexible: it can be ramped up and down quickly
- dispatchable: it has weeks to months of storage
The perfect dance partner for wind

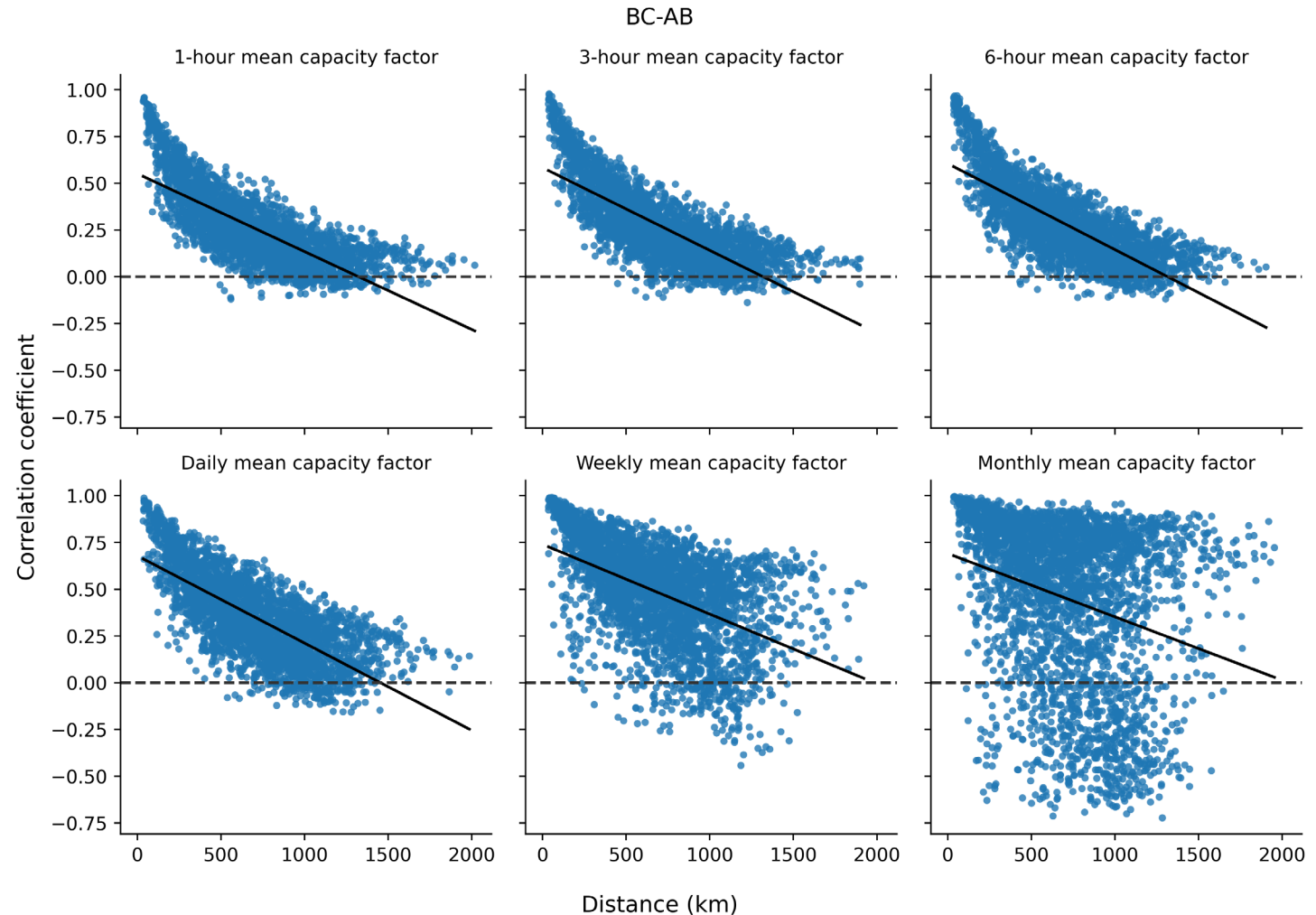
Different motivation for pairing in Australia...



Smoothing variable renewable energy production

The correlation between wind production decreases at larger distances

There are negative correlations at 1500+ km distances (at shorter time scales)

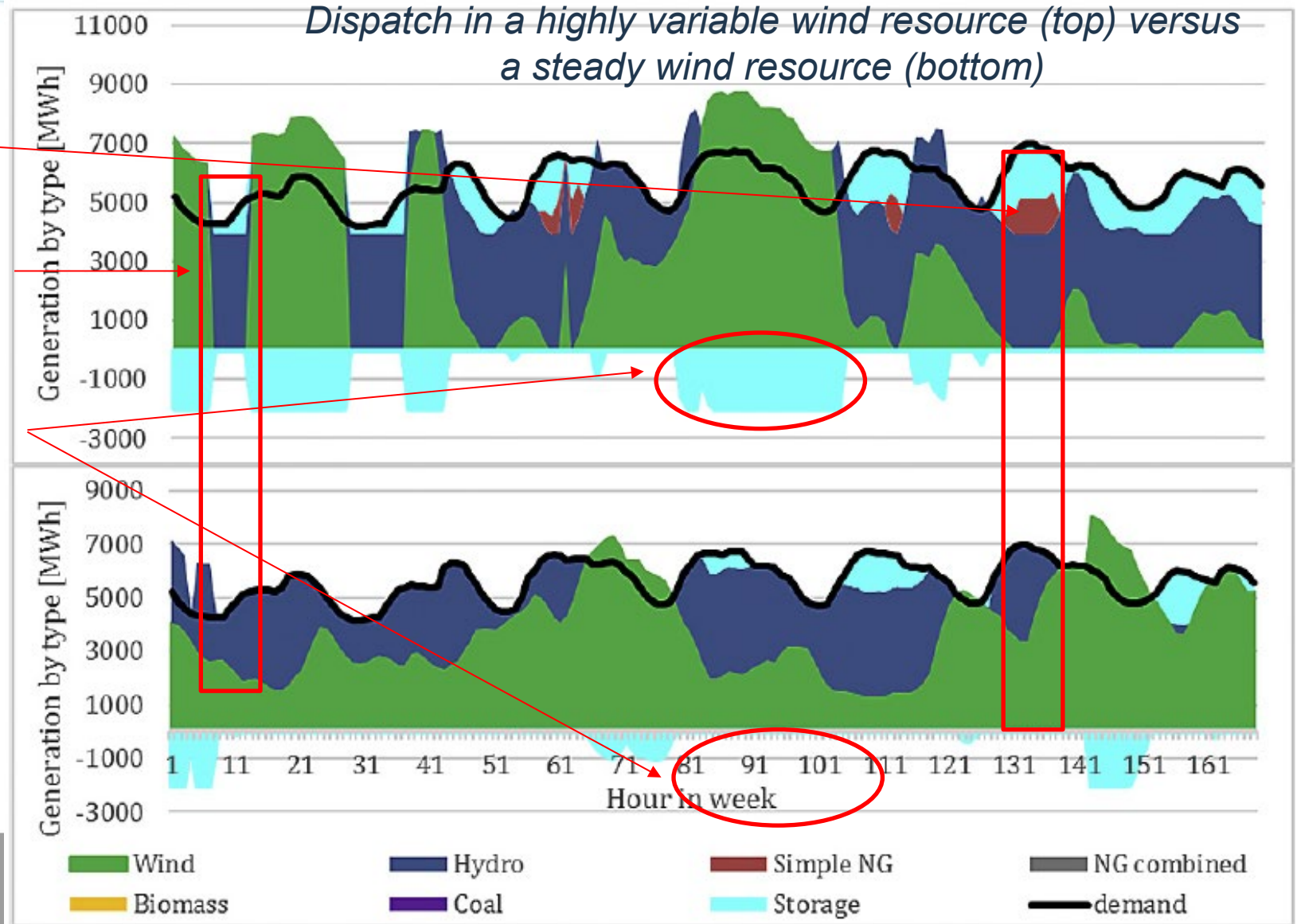


More efficient operation of the power system

Fuel cost savings

Reduced cycling of
flexible power plants

Reduced curtailment

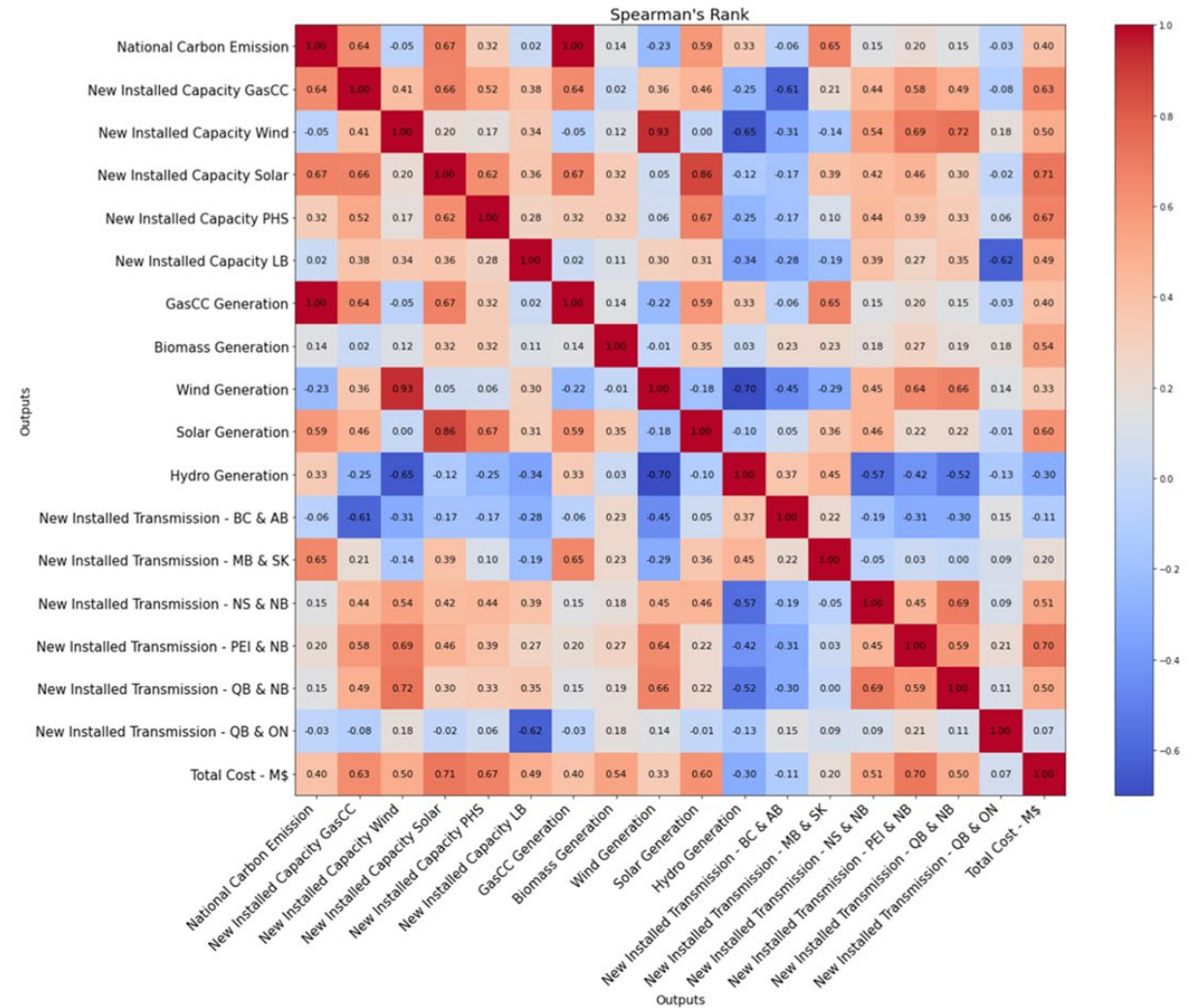


Mitigating future uncertainties

Risk mitigation benefits

Production cost savings across a range of uncertain future conditions

- > fuel prices
- > demand projections
- > renewable energy penetration
- > fossil fuel retirement rates





***If transmission is key, is enough of it
being built?***

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Political agenda



Top of the political
agenda



Political divide –
democrats vs.
republicans



Transmission
expansion > support
renewables*



Not on the political
agenda

Political agenda

Drivers



Top of the political agenda

Integration, cooperation, decarbonization



Political divide – democrats vs. republicans

Mitigate severe weather; investor driven



Transmission expansion > support renewables*

Regional development & decarbonization



Not on the political agenda

Patchwork market structure, lack of crisis, history

Political agenda

Drivers

Governance



Top of the political agenda

Integration, cooperation, decarbonization

Top-down & bottom-up institutions



Political divide – democrats vs. republicans

Mitigate severe weather; investor driven

Federal jurisdiction falls short of inter-regional planning



Transmission expansion > support renewables*

Regional development & decarbonization

Top-down & bottom-up institutions



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Patchwork market structure, lack of crisis, history

Provincial institutions (10); no national planning

Political agenda

Drivers

Governance

Planning



Top of the political agenda

Integration, cooperation, decarbonization

Top-down & bottom-up institutions

Top-down & bottom-up planning



Political divide – democrats vs. republicans

Mitigate severe weather; investor driven

Federal jurisdiction falls short of inter-regional planning

Regional planning (east); utility-scale planning (west)



Transmission expansion > support renewables*

Regional development & decarbonization

Top-down & bottom-up institutions

Top-down & bottom-up planning



Not on the political agenda

Patchwork market structure, lack of crisis, history

Provincial institutions (10); no national planning

Provincial planning; no national planning

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Multi-benefits of transmission expansion

Benefit	Description
Production cost benefit	Fuel cost savings; reduced thermal power plants cycling; reduced curtailment
Emission reduction benefit	Reduced CO ₂ equivalent (65 -170 \$/ton from 2024 to 2030)
Generation capital cost	Reduced capital cost by accessing better quality renewable regions
Risk mitigation benefits	Production cost savings across a range of uncertain future conditions >> varying gas price & load growth >> alternative renewable build-out & thermal plant retirements
Resource adequacy benefits	Reduced loss-of-load expectation compared to the cost of a new combustion turbine necessary to achieve the same level of reliability
Resilience benefit	Reduction in unserved energy during loss-of-load events that remain after resource adequacy improvements (assumed at 20,000 \$/MWh)

Several studies have demonstrated the benefits of inter-provincial transmission expansion projects ...



North American Renewable Integration Study (NARIS)

Pan-Canadian Wind Integration Study (PCWIS)

SaskPower/Manitoba Hydro Regional
Coordination Study

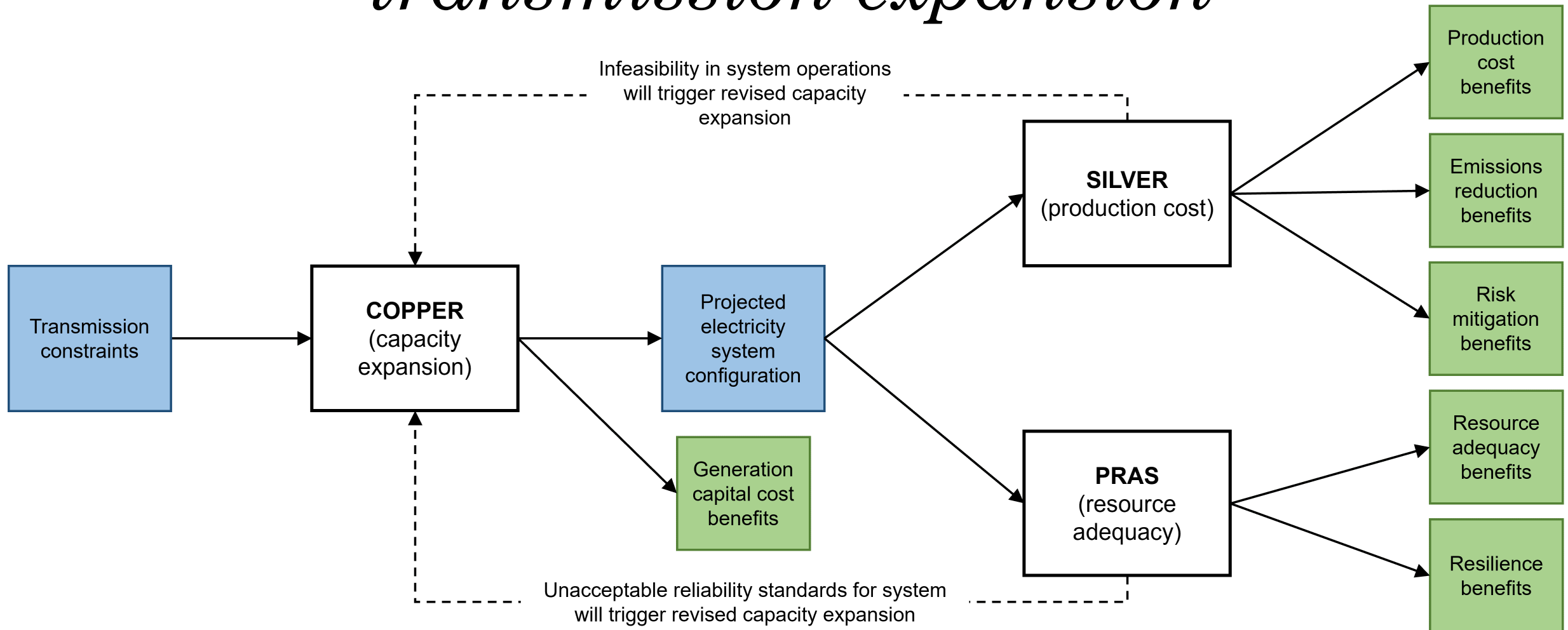
Renewable Electricity Coordination
& Strategic Infrastructure (RECSI)

English et al. (2020) – Flexibility
requirements

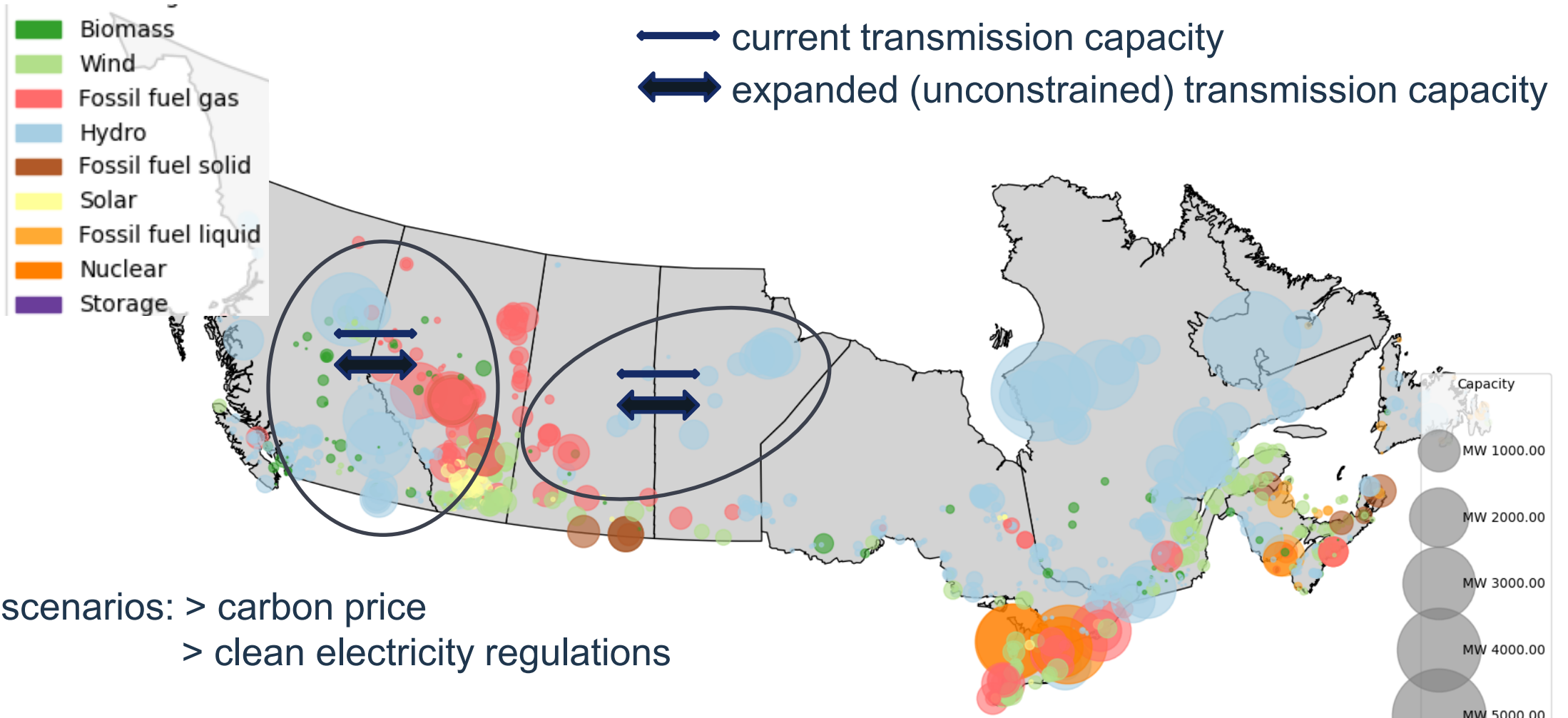
East Grid – Canada Grid

Sustainable Energy Systems
Integration & Transmission (SESIT)

Expansion – multi-benefit analysis of transmission expansion



Modelled scenarios

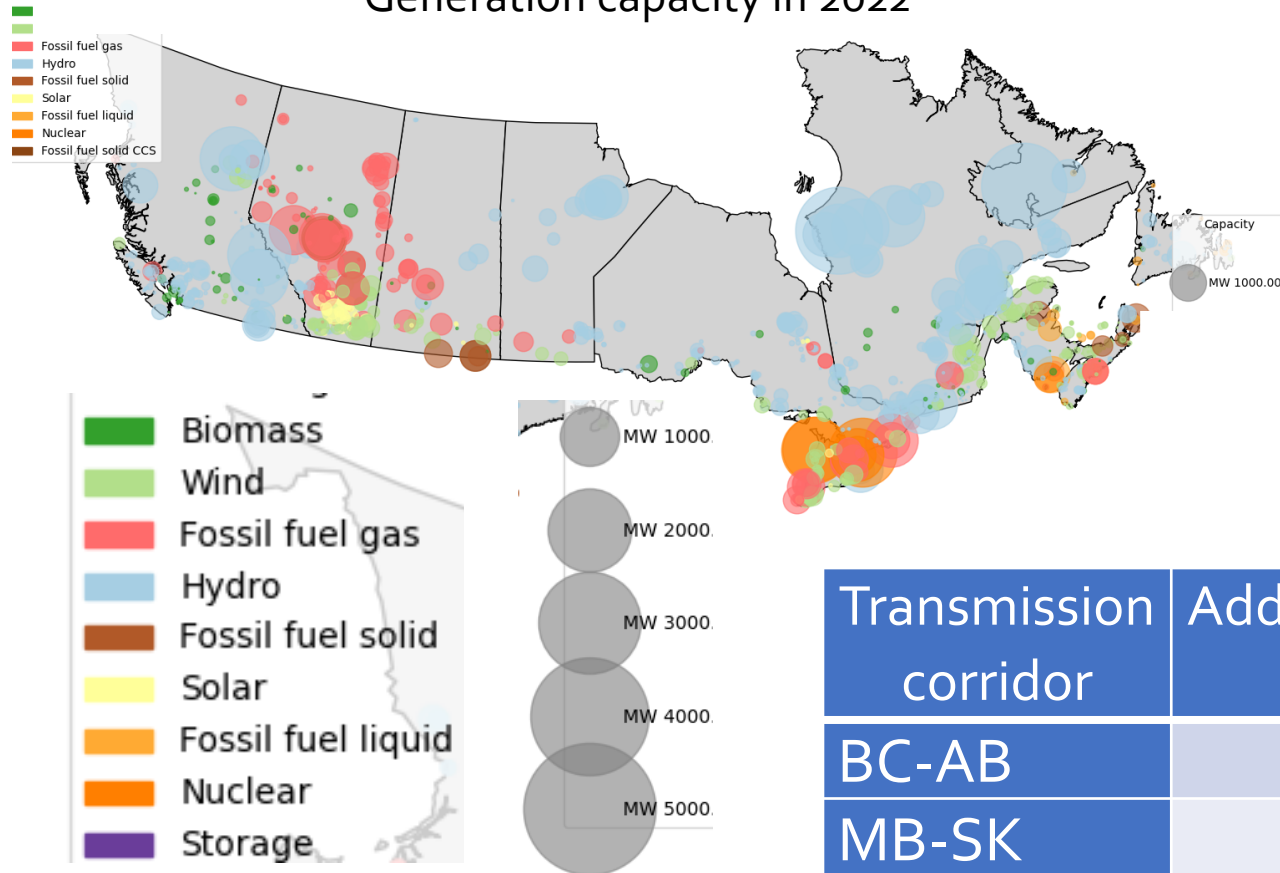


Policy scenarios: > carbon price
> clean electricity regulations

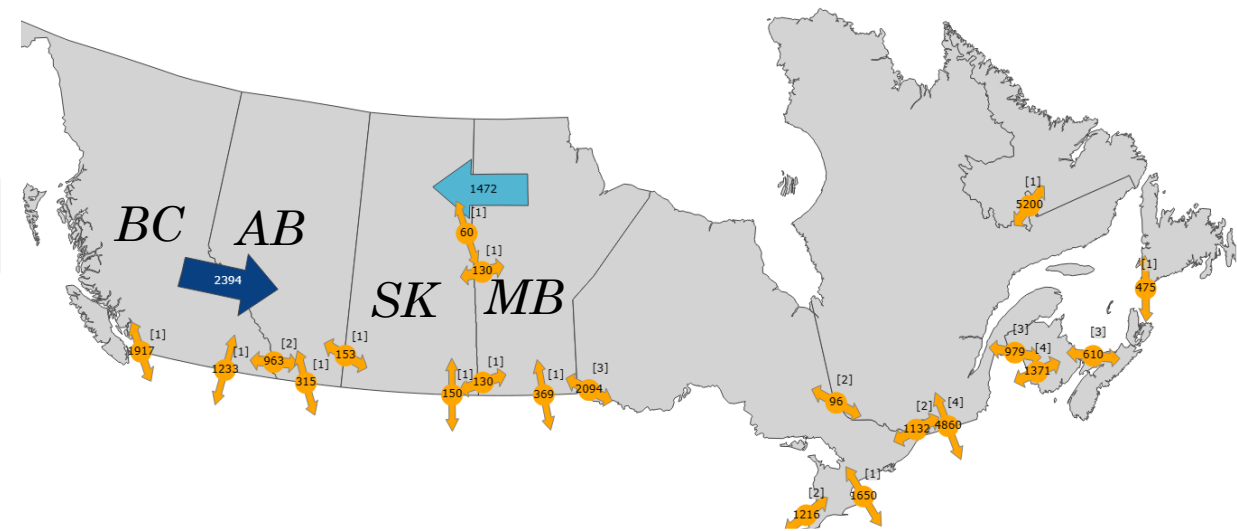
Results:

Transmission intertie expansion

Generation capacity in 2022

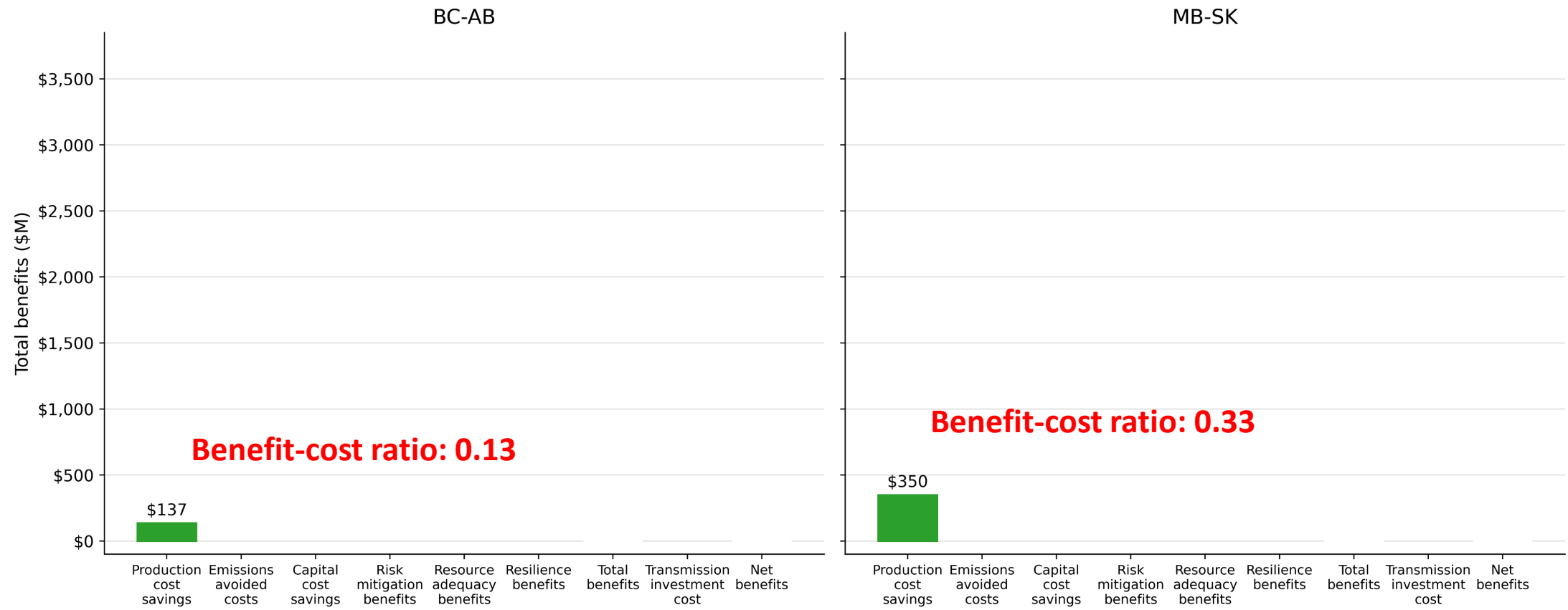


Interties in 2022 (orange) and 2050 (blue)

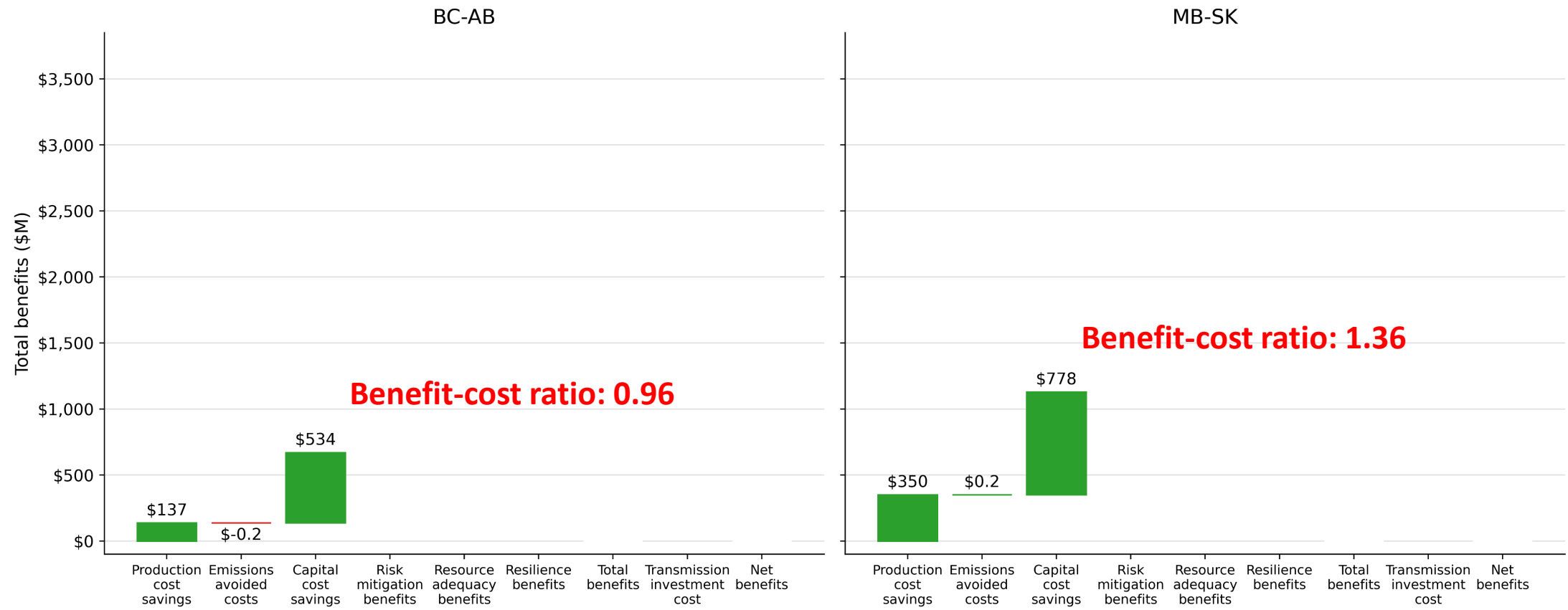


Transmission corridor	Additional (new) transmission capacity (MW)	Transmission investment (M\$)
BC-AB	2,395	\$644
MB-SK	1,472	\$756

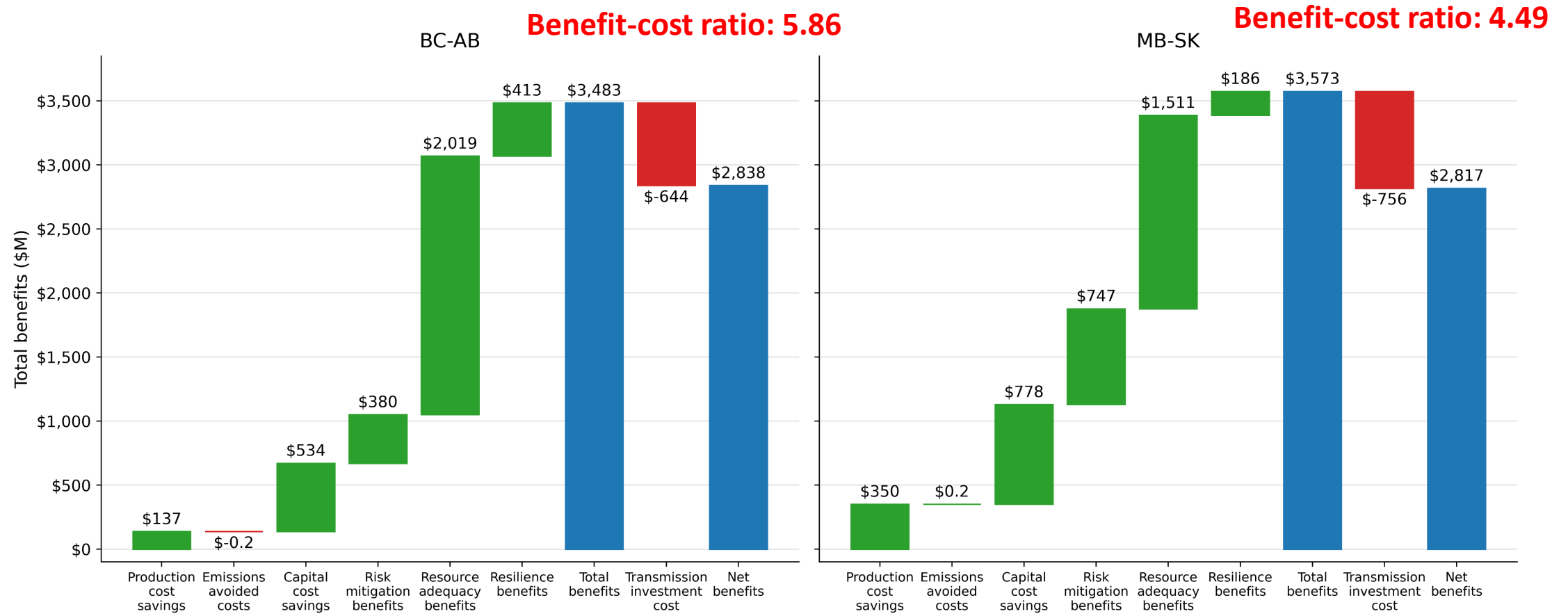
Multi-benefit stacking



Multi-benefit stacking



Multi-benefit stacking



*Transmission provides
reliability and resilience
affordability in a decarbonized
world*

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Frame

- Inter-regional transmission is an active conversation as a key enabler of decarbonization in the US, EU, Australia, but not Canada
 - For many reasons: resource mismatch between the provinces; lack of solidarity; lack of institutional strength
- Inter-regional transmission is a key roadblock in Canada, and we are lacking innovative solutions

Question: how do we import the strategies that other jurisdictions are implementing to Canada?

Objectives

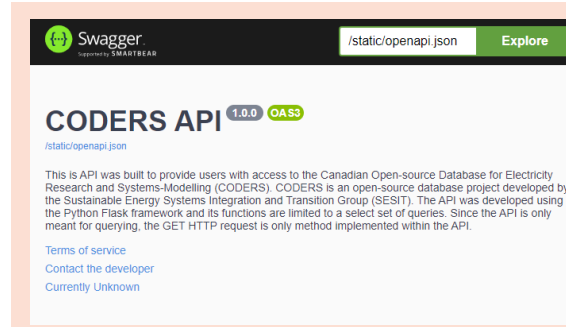
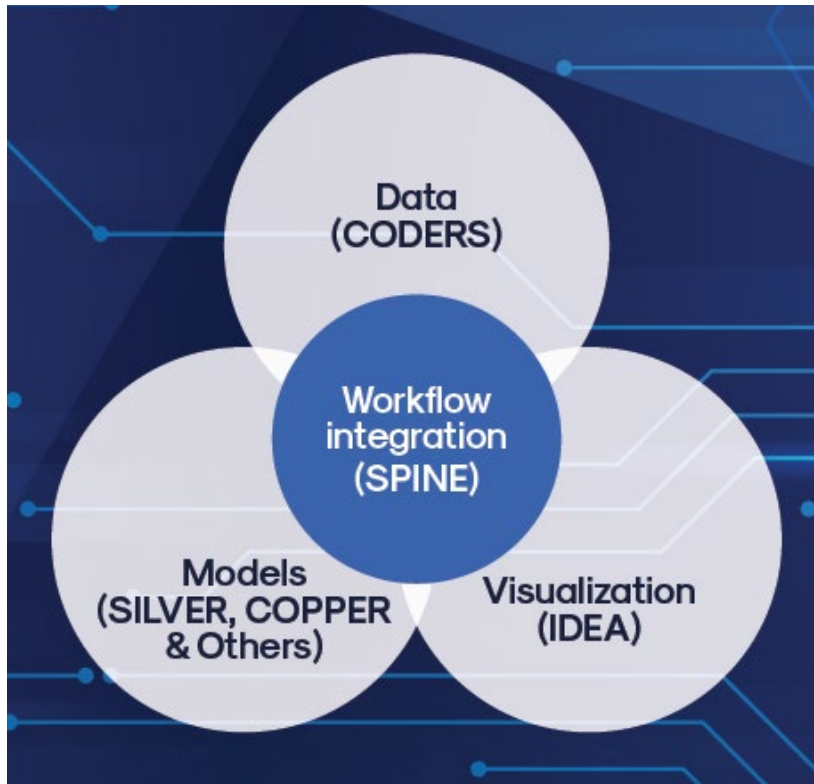
- Identify strategies and best practices for procuring inter-regional transmission in six parts of the world:
 - EU, USA, Canada, Australia, South Korea, South America
 - A range of market structures, political landscapes and institutional paradigms
- Inform the inter-provincial transmission conversation in Canada forward by
 - (a) demonstrating the value of inter-regional transmission, and
 - (b) identifying and recommending suggest best practices might work in Canada

Objectives

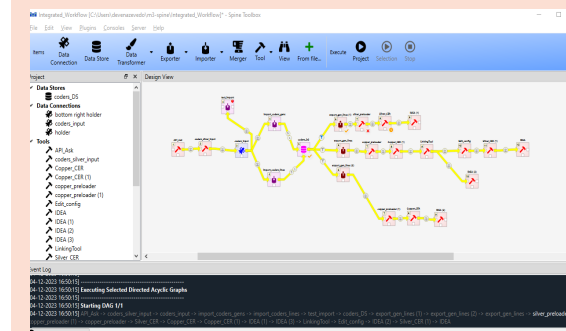
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M3 Modelling Platform

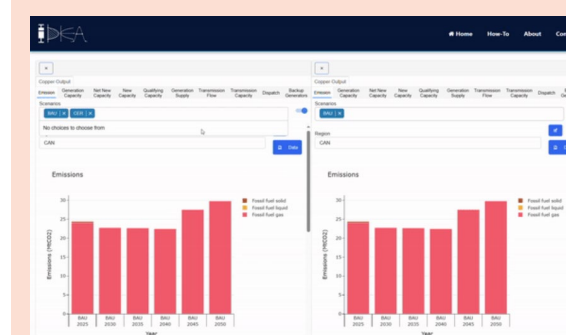
*An open-source integrated tool containing energy systems data, models, and visualization tools;
soft coupling between components enable workflow*



<https://sesit.dev>

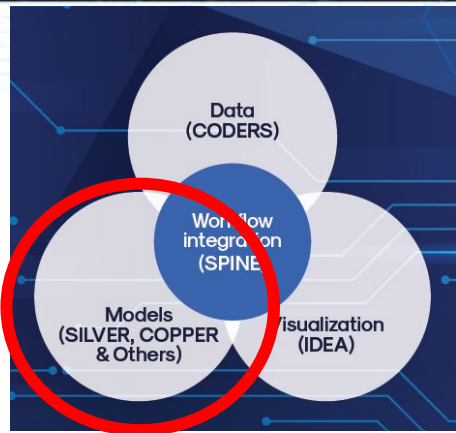


<https://gitlab.com/sesit/m3-spine>



<https://gitlab.com/sesit/idea>

M3 modelling suite – nine linked models



Macromodel

Economic impacts – GDP, investment, exports, employment – of user-defined scenarios

MESSAGEix Canada

Energy supply & demand across the economy

Energy Agent Model

Investment choices of energy facilities

PRAS
Probabilistic Resource Adequacy Suite

CIMS
Impact of policies on energy demand & emissions

COPPER
Capacity expansion of the power system

Labor Model
Labor impacts of different energy system structures

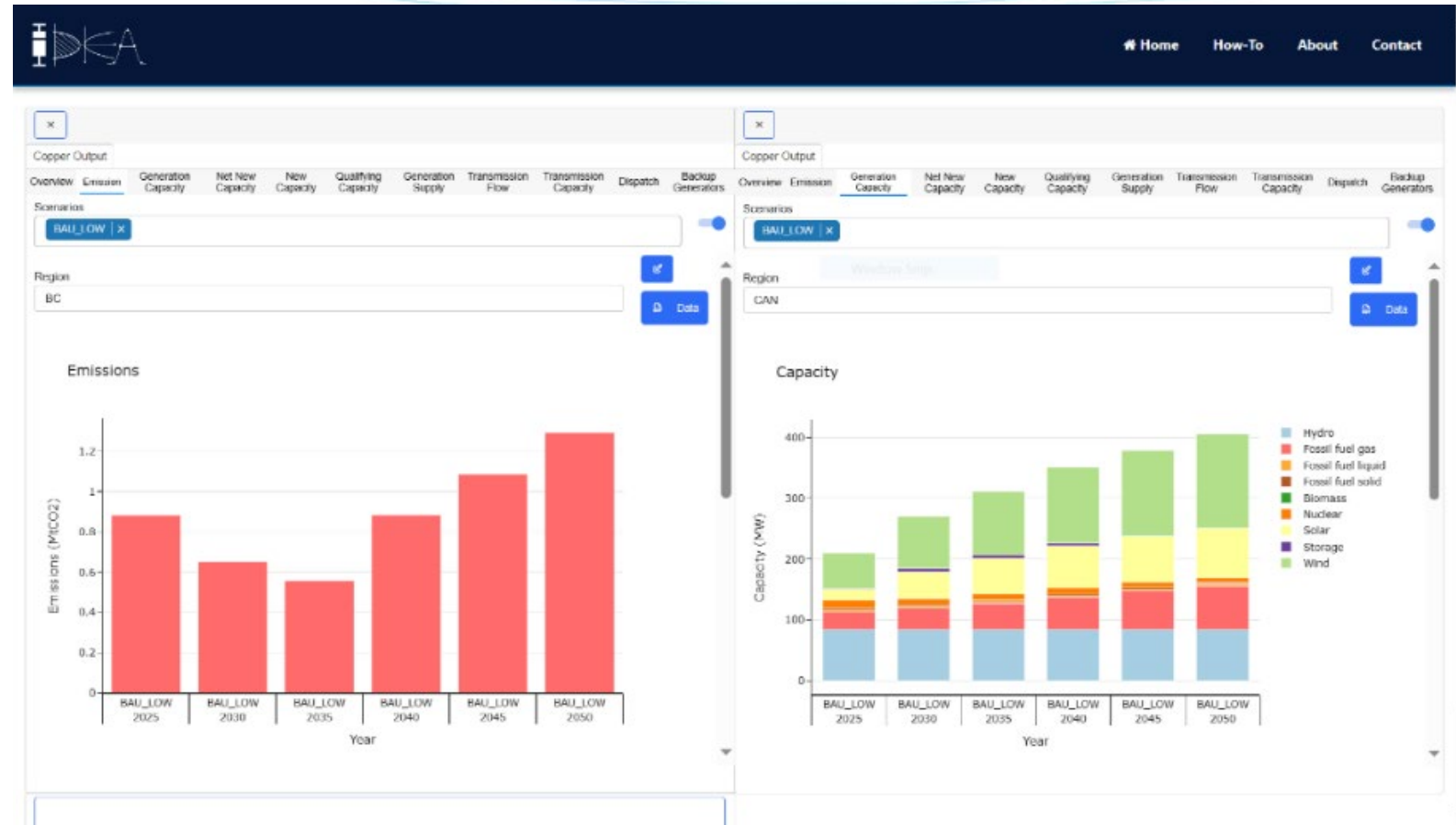
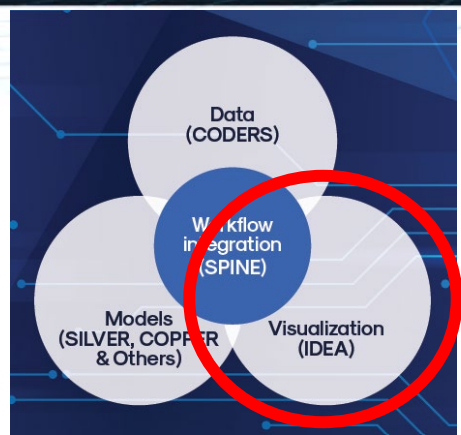
Tech costs & deployment
Costs and deployment of various clean technologies

SILVER
Dispatch of the power system

Objectives

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 - (a) demonstrating the value of inter-regional transmission, and
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- ➔ • Target specific audiences to advance transmission procurement in Canada
 - so that it aligns with our ambitions about decarbonization, reliability, and resilience

M3 modelling suite – stakeholder engagement platform



Open-source visualization dashboard and explorer, tailored for energy modeling inputs and outputs

Designed for decision makers & analysts

IDEA can be hosted on a website or run as a local application:

- public-facing dashboard or
- modeler's tool

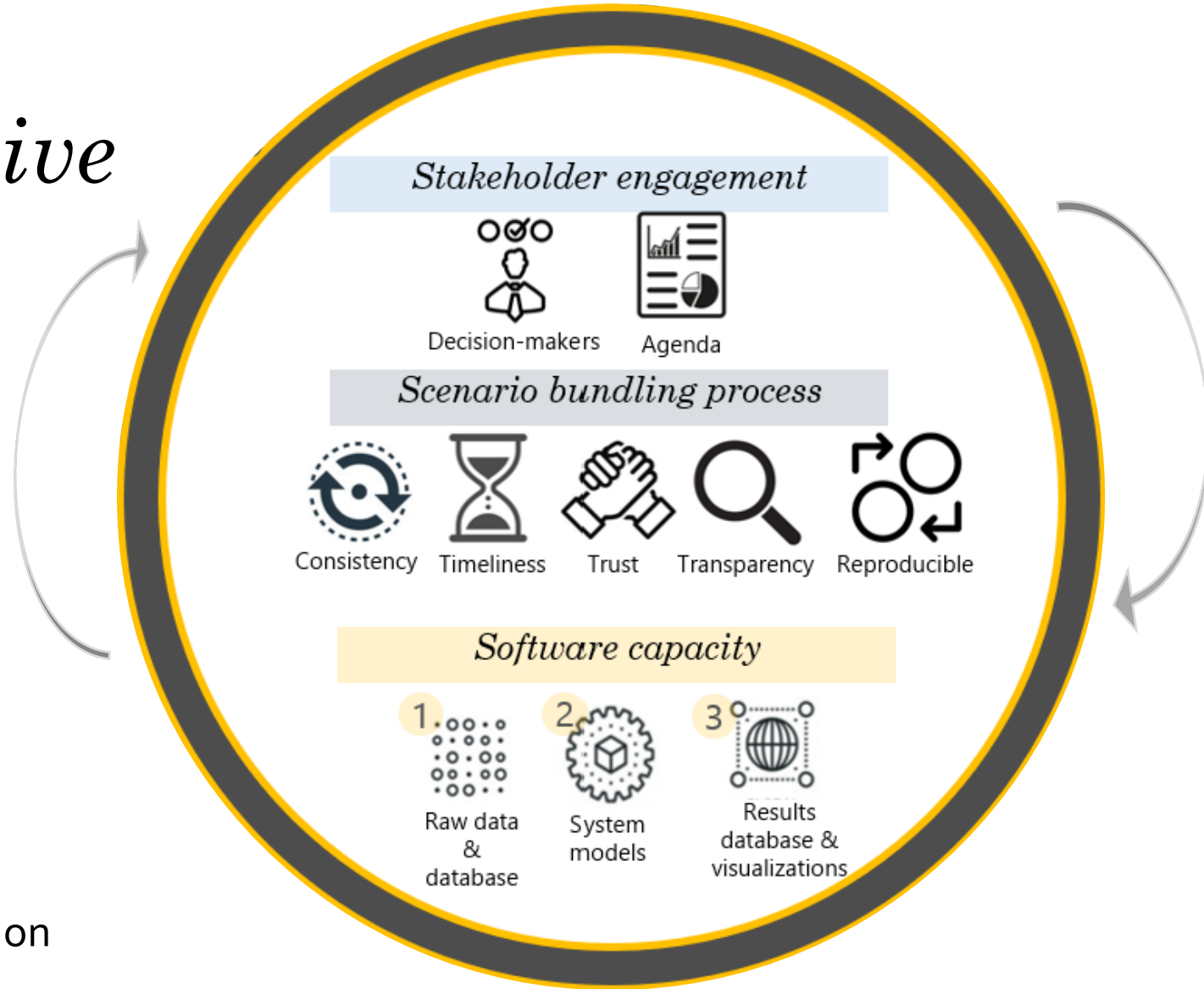
Next steps: Change the narrative Target audiences

Consumers and Producers

- Identify winners and losers and distribute benefits and costs fairly

Political frame

- Move conversation away from climate mitigation (it's a losing battle in Canada)
- Towards affordability and reliability
- Solidarity response to Trump Administration





Thank you!

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